




INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

Class: VII	Department: SOCIAL SCIENCE	Subject: Geography
Worksheet No :1	Topic: Geographical Diversity of India	Year :2026-27

I	Multiple Choice Questions: -										
1	In 1984, who was the first Indian astronaut to go into space and speak with the Prime Minister of India at that time? A) Kalpana Chawla B) Vikram Sarabhai C) Rakesh Sharma D) Sunita Williams										
2	Despite harsh conditions, Ladakh is home to which of the following wildlife? A) Lions, tigers, and elephants B) Snow leopards, ibex, and Tibetan antelopes C) Kangaroos and koalas D) Penguins and seals										
3	Rajasthan is famous for ingenious water conservation methods like taanka or kunds. What is their main purpose? A) To store seawater for fishing B) To collect and store rainwater for drinking C) To generate electricity D) To irrigate only large farms only										
4	India's coastline shows great diversity. Which of the following statements best describes it? A) All beaches have only white sand B) It includes beaches, rocky cliffs, forests, and islands with coral reefs or jungles C) The coastline has only deserts and no forests D) All islands are covered only with snow										
II	Fill in the blanks: -										
5	The _____ are home to the Royal Bengal Tigers. Sundarbans										
6	The Northern Portion of the Western Ghat is known as the _____. Shayadri.										
7	Gaumukh, which means ' _____ ', is the source of the Bhagirathi River. Cow's Mouth										
8	In Ladakh, winter temperatures drop below _____ °C. -30										
III	Match the following: -										
9	<table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Column A</th><th>Column B</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>a. Moonland</td><td>i. Rich in minerals</td></tr><tr><td>b. Plateau</td><td>ii. A group of islands</td></tr><tr><td>c. West-flowing river</td><td>iii. Ladakh</td></tr><tr><td>d. Archipelago</td><td>iv. Narmada</td></tr></tbody></table>	Column A	Column B	a. Moonland	i. Rich in minerals	b. Plateau	ii. A group of islands	c. West-flowing river	iii. Ladakh	d. Archipelago	iv. Narmada
	Column A	Column B									
	a. Moonland	i. Rich in minerals									
	b. Plateau	ii. A group of islands									
	c. West-flowing river	iii. Ladakh									
d. Archipelago	iv. Narmada										
Options:											
A) a- iii b-i c-iv d-ii											
B) a-i b-ii c-iv d-iii											

	C) a-ii b-iii c-iv d-i D) a-iv b-ii c-iii d-i
IV	Answer in one or two sentences: -
10	Why are Himalayas called as “Water Tower of Asia”? <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Many important rivers such as the Ganga River, Brahmaputra River, and Indus River originate from the Himalayas. • These rivers provide water for drinking, agriculture, and daily life to millions of people across Asia.
11	Where is the Pushkar Mela held? Pushkar Mela is held at the edge of the Thar Desert.
12	Name some tribal communities in India. Where do they live? <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Santhal, Gond, Baiga and Bhil are some of the tribal communities in India. • They generally live in the dense forests of plateaus.
13	Name the India’s financial center. Mumbai at the west coast is India’s financial center.
14	What are the five main physical regions of India? The Himayalayas, the Gangetic Plains, The Thar Desert, The Southern Peninsula and the Islands
15	What is the outermost Himalayan range called? Shivalik Hills
V	Picture Based Question: -
16	 <p>A. Identify the picture shown above and in which region are they generally found? Kath-kuni House, Himachal Pradesh.</p> <p>B. What materials are used to build these houses? Wood and stone are the main materials used in their construction.</p> <p>C. Why are such houses suitable for hilly areas? They are strong, flexible, and can withstand earthquakes as well as harsh weather conditions.</p> <p>D. Why are these houses considered eco-friendly? They use natural, locally available materials and do not harm the environment.</p>

VI	Assertion-Reason Questions:-
17	<p>Assertion (A)-The Indian Subcontinent has a variety of climatic zones.</p> <p>Reason (R)-The Himalayas act as a barrier to cold Central Asian winds, while the vast coastline includes maritime conditions.</p> <p>Options</p> <p>a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.</p> <p>(b) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.</p> <p>(c) A is true, but R is false.</p> <p>(d) A is false, but R is true.</p>
18	<p>Assertion(A)-The Northern Plains of India are highly fertile and densely populated.</p> <p>Reason (R)-They are formed by alluvial deposit of the Indus, Ganga and Brahmaputra.</p> <p>Options</p> <p>a) Both A and B are true and R is the not the correct explanation of A.</p> <p>b) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.</p> <p>c)A is true, but R is false.</p> <p>d) A is false, but R is true.</p>